## TEACHING TRANSPARENCY

## **11-3** Independent and Dependent Events

**Probability of Independent Events** 

If A and B are independent events, then  $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B)$ .

## **Probability of Dependent Events**

If A and B are dependent events, then  $P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A) \cdot P(B \mid A)$ , where  $P(B \mid A)$  is the probability of B, given that A has occurred.