

Lesson 12-3

Objective - To write rules and find sums for arithmetic sequences.

An arithmetic sequence has a common difference between consecutive terms.

Rule for an Arithmetic Sequence

$$a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$$

a_n represents the n th term of the sequence.

a_1 represents the first term.

n is the number of terms.

d is the difference.

Decide if each series is an arithmetic series.

- 1) $-5, -1, 3, 7, 11, \dots$ Yes, difference = 4.
- 2) $4, 5, 7, 10, 14, \dots$ No common difference.
- 3) $1, 4, 8, 12, 16, \dots$ No common difference.
- 4) $-4, -8, -12, -16, -20, \dots$ Yes, difference = -4.

Write a rule for the n th term of each sequence.
Then find a_{25} .

1) $48, 53, 58, 63, \dots$ $a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$

$$a_n = 48 + (n-1)(53-48)$$

$$a_n = 5n + 43 \quad a_{25} = 5(25) + 43 = 168$$

2) $-21, -39, -57, -75, \dots$ $a_n = a_1 + (n-1)d$

$$a_n = -21 + (n-1)(-39 - (-21))$$

$$a_n = -18n - 3 \quad a_{25} = -18(25) - 3 = -453$$

Write a rule for the n th term.

1) $a_{15} = 10, a_{20} = 25$ $d = \frac{25-10}{20-15} = 3$

$$a_{15} = a_1 + (15-1)3$$

$$10 = a_1 + 42$$

$$a_1 = -32$$

$$a_n = -32 + (n-1)3$$

$$a_n = 3n - 35$$

Write a rule for the n th term.

1) $a_{12} = -23, a_{27} = 37$ $d = \frac{37 - (-23)}{27 - 12} = 4$

$$a_{12} = a_1 + (12-1)4$$

$$-23 = a_1 + 44$$

$$a_1 = -67$$

$$a_n = -67 + (n-1)4$$

$$a_n = 4n - 71$$

Write a rule for the n th term.

1) $a_{17} = 22$ $d = -4$

$$a_{17} = a_1 + (17-1)(-4)$$

$$22 = a_1 - 64$$

$$a_1 = 86$$

$$a_n = 86 + (n-1)(-4)$$

$$a_n = -4n + 90$$

Lesson 12-3 (cont.)

Sum of a Finite Arithmetic Sequence

Sum of the first n terms of an arithmetic sequence

$$S_n = n \left(\frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \right)$$

Find the sum of the first 20 terms

12, 18, 24, 30, 36, ...

$$a_{20} = 12 + (20 - 1)6 = 126$$

$$S_{20} = n \left(\frac{a_1 + a_{20}}{2} \right) = 20 \left(\frac{12 + 126}{2} \right) = 1380$$

Find the sum of the first 50 terms of this series,

$$34 + 45 + 56 + 67 + 78 + \dots$$

$$a_{50} = 34 + (50 - 1)11$$

$$a_{50} = 573$$

$$S_{50} = n \left(\frac{a_1 + a_{50}}{2} \right)$$

$$S_{50} = 50 \left(\frac{34 + 573}{2} \right)$$

$$S_{50} = 15,175$$

Find n if $S_n = 20$ for the following series,

$$-16 + (-12) + (-8) + (-4) + 0 + \dots$$

$$a_n = a_1 + (n - 1)d \quad S_n = n \left(\frac{a_1 + a_n}{2} \right)$$

$$a_n = -16 + (n - 1)4$$

$$a_n = 4n - 20 \quad 20 = n \left(\frac{-16 + 4n - 20}{2} \right)$$

$$20 = 2n^2 - 18n$$

$$0 = 2n^2 - 18n - 20$$

$$0 = n^2 - 9n - 10$$

$$0 = (n - 10)(n + 1)$$

$$n = 10 \quad n = -1$$