

Find the sum of each geometric series.

1.  $\sum_{k=1}^6 3(4)^{k-1}$   $a_1 = 3(4)^{1-1} = 3$   $r = 4$   $n = 6$   $S_6 = 3 \left( \frac{1-4^6}{1-4} \right) = 3 \left( \frac{-4095}{-3} \right) = 4095$   
 $S_6 = 4095$

2.  $\sum_{k=1}^8 4 \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{k-1}$   $a_1 = 4$   $n = 8$   $r = \frac{1}{2}$   $S_8 = 4 \left( \frac{1 - (\frac{1}{2})^8}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} \right) = 4 \cdot \left( \frac{\frac{255}{256}}{\frac{1}{2}} \right) = \frac{255}{32}$   
 $S_8 = \frac{255}{32}$

3.  $S_6$  for  $2 + 0.2 + 0.002 + \dots$   $r = \frac{0.2}{2} = 0.1$   $a_1 = 2$   $n = 6$   $S_6 = 2 \left( \frac{1 - (0.1)^6}{1 - 0.1} \right) = 2 \left( \frac{0.9999}{0.9} \right) = 2(1.1111) = 2.22$   
 $S_6 = 2.22$

4.  $S_5$  for  $12 - 24 + 48 - 96 + \dots$   $a_1 = 12$   $n = 5$   $r = -2$   $S_5 = 12 \left( \frac{1 - (-2)^5}{1 - (-2)} \right) = 12 \left( \frac{33}{3} \right) = 12(11) = 132$   
 $S_5 = 132$

5.  $S_8$  for  $10 + 1 + \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{100} + \dots$   $a_1 = 10$   $n = 8$   $r = \frac{1}{10}$   $S_8 = 10 \left( \frac{1 - (\frac{1}{10})^8}{1 - \frac{1}{10}} \right) = 10 \left( \frac{1 - \frac{1}{10^8}}{\frac{9}{10}} \right) = 11.1111$   
 $S_8 = 11.1\bar{1}$

Given each geometric sequence, (a) write an explicit rule for the sequence, (b) find the 10<sup>th</sup> term, and (c) find the sum of the first 10 terms.

6.  $\frac{1}{16}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, \dots$  (a)  $a_n = \frac{1}{16} \cdot \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{n-1}$  (b)  $a_{10} = \frac{1}{16} \cdot \left( \frac{1}{4} \right)^{10-1} = \frac{1}{4194304}$  (c)  $a_1 = \frac{1}{16}$   $r = \frac{1}{4}$   $n = 10$   
 $S_{10} = \frac{1}{16} \left( \frac{1 - (\frac{1}{4})^{10}}{1 - \frac{1}{4}} \right) = \frac{349529}{4194304}$

7.  $4, 0.4, 0.04, 0.004, \dots$  (a)  $a_n = 4 \cdot (0.1)^{n-1}$  (b)  $a_{10} = 4 \cdot (0.1)^{10-1} = 0.000000004$  (c)  $a_1 = 4$   $r = 0.1$   $n = 10$   
 $S_{10} = 4 \left( \frac{1 - (0.1)^{10}}{1 - 0.1} \right) = 4.44$

8.  $8, 16, 32, 64, \dots$  (a)  $a_n = 8 \cdot (2)^{n-1}$  (b)  $a_{10} = 8 \cdot 2^{10-1} = 4096$  (c)  $a_1 = 8$   $r = 2$   $n = 10$   
 $S_{10} = 8 \left( \frac{1 - 2^{10}}{1 - 2} \right) = 8184$

9.  $162, -54, 18, -6, \dots$  (a)  $a_n = 162 \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{3} \right)^{n-1}$  (b)  $a_{10} = 162 \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{3} \right)^{10-1} = \frac{-2}{243}$  (c)  $a_1 = 162$   $r = -\frac{1}{3}$   $n = 10$   
 $S_{10} = 162 \left( \frac{1 - (-\frac{1}{3})^{10}}{1 - (-\frac{1}{3})} \right) = \frac{29524}{243}$

10.  $-22, -11, -\frac{11}{2}, -\frac{11}{4}, \dots$  (a)  $a_n = -22 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{n-1}$  (b)  $a_{10} = -22 \cdot \left( \frac{1}{2} \right)^{10-1} = \frac{-11}{256}$  (c)  $a_1 = -22$   $r = \frac{1}{2}$   $n = 10$   
 $S_{10} = -22 \left( \frac{1 - (\frac{1}{2})^{10}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} \right) = \frac{-11253}{256}$