Name Date Class

LESSON Practice C

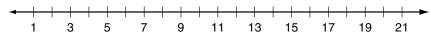
11-5 Measures of Central Tendency and Variation

Write a data set to satisfy the given conditions.

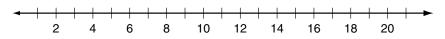
1. Median
$$= 8$$
; mode $= 4$

2. Mean =
$$10$$
; median = 12

Make a box-and-whisker plot of the data. Find the interguartile range.



4. 10, 16, 3, 18, 18, 10, 8, 2, 9, 3, 7, 7, 8, 8, 18, 13, 7, 13



Find the variance and standard deviation.

Solve.

9. The probability distribution for the number of children per family in a particular suburb of Chicago is shown below. Find the expected number of children per family in this region.

Number of Children, n	1	2	3	4
Probability	0.27	0.28	0.35	0.10

- **10.** A chemist weighs samples obtained from a production run. The weights of the samples are 13 g, 14 g, 65 g, 11 g, 15 g, 14 g, 14 g, 12 g, 13 g, 15 g, 14 g, and 12 g.
 - **a.** Find the mean of the data.

D. I IIIU IIIE SIAIIUAIU UEVIAIIU	b.	Find	the	standard	deviation
------------------------------------------	----	------	-----	----------	-----------

- **c.** Identify any outliers.
- **d.** Describe how any outlier affects the mean and the standard deviation.

Practice A 11-5 Measures of Central Tendency and Variation Find the mean, median, and mode of each data set. **1.** {3, 10, 2, 8, 7, 5, 2, 5} a. The mean is the sum of the values in a set divided by the number of values. Find the mean of the set. b. The median is the middle value when the set is ordered numerically. Find the median of the set. c. The mode is the value or values that occur most often. Find the mode of the set. **2.** {11, 15, 4, 10, 7, 5, 11, 9} a. Mean b. Median 9 9.5 Find the expected values. 3. The probability distribution for the number of free throws that Larry makes in a game is given below. Find the expected number of free throws that Larry makes in Number of Free Throws Made, n 5 6 0.21 0.58 0.14 0.07 Probability The probability distribution for the number of pieces of junk mail May receives is given below. Find the expected number of junk mail letters May receives in a day. Number of Junk Mail Letters, n 1 2 Probability 0.15 0.70 Make a box-and-whisker plot of the data. Find the interquartile range **5.** {3, 7, 5, 3, 5, 9, 2, 7} Interquartile range is 4. **6.** {1, 9, 9, 2, 2, 5, 5, 10} Interquartile range is 7. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Find the variance and standard deviation. **7.** {1, 2, 8, 11, 7, 10, 7, 2} **8.** {10, 14, 8, 12, 9, 13} 13; 3.6 Copyright © by Holt, Rinehart and Winston. All rights reserved. 35 **Practice C** 11-5 Measures of Central Tendency and Variation Write a data set to satisfy the given conditions. 1. Median = 8; mode = 4 2. Mean = 10; median = 12 Possible answer: {4, 4, 8, 9, 10} Possible answer: { 3, 6, 12, 14, 15 } Make a box-and-whisker plot of the data. Find the interquartile range. **3.** 21, 20, 4, 5, 5, 20, 20, 13, 1, 1, 13, 7, 13, 17, 7, 17, 9, 9 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 **4.** 10, 16, 3, 18, 18, 10, 8, 2, 9, 3, 7, 7, 8, 8, 18, 13, 7, 13

Practice B 11-5 Measures of Central Tendency and Variation Find the mean, median, and mode of each data set. **1.** {12, 11, 17, 3, 9, 14, 16, 2} **2.** {6, 9, 9, 20, 4, 5, 9, 13, 10, 1} a. Mean _____10.5 8.6 a. Mean _____ 9 11.5 b. Median b. Median None c. Mode c. Mode Make a box-and-whisker plot of the data. Find the interquartile range. **3.** {3, 7, 7, 3, 10, 1, 6, 6} Interquartile range is 4. 4. {1, 2, 3, 5, 3, 5, 8, 2} Interquartile range is 3. Find the variance and standard deviation. **5.** {7, 4, 3, 9, 2} **6.** {35, 67, 21, 16, 24, 51, 18, 32} 278; 16.7 6.8: 2.6 **7.** {19, 23, 17, 20, 25, 19, 15, 22} **8.** {5, 12, 10, 13, 8, 11, 15, 12} 9.3; 3.0 8.4: 2.9 Solve. 9. The probability distribution for the amount of rain that falls on Boston in May each year is given below. 7.01 Find the expected amount of rain for Boston in May. Inches of Rain, n 5 0.05 0.10 Probability 0.21 10. A biologist is growing bacteria in the lab. For a certain species of bacteria. she records these doubling times: 41 min, 45 min, 39 min, 42 min, 38 min, 88 min, 43 min, 40 min, 44 min, 39 min, 42 min, and 40 min.

Reteach

Copyright © by Holt, Rinehart and Winston All rights reserved.

5.25

5

2.5

11

c. Mode

6.07

2.05

4

0.05

4.7: 2.2

Interquartile range is 12.

Interquartile range is 6.

6. {4, 7, 28, 6, 1, 1, 10, 15, 48, 3, 4, 5}

8. {37, 29, 33, 30, 23, 28, 20, 35, 19, 21}

176.2: 13.3

37.6: 6.1

2.28

17.7

14.3

65

Holt Algebra 2

Holt Algebra 2

3

0.10

8

11-5 Measures of Central Tendency and Variation

d. Describe how any outlier affects the mean and the standard deviation. The mean increases from ${\approx}41.2$ to ${\approx}45.1,$ and the standard

deviation increases from \approx 2.1 to \approx 13.1.

36

Expected value can be thought of as the long-term average of an experiment after many trials.

The table shows a probability distribution for the variable x. A probability distribution table pairs each outcome with its probability.

Outcome	<i>X</i> ₁	X ₂	<i>X</i> ₃		X _n		
Probability	p_1	p ₂	p_3		p_n	ı	
Expected value = $x_1p_1 + x_2p_2 + x_3p_3 + + x_np_n$							

To find the expected value, find the sum of the products of each outcome and its associated probability.

45.1

13.1

88

Holt Algebra 2

This table shows the probability distribution for the number of red marbles selected when 3 marbles are randomly selected without replacement from a bag with 4 red and 6 blue marbles. Find the expected number of red marbles selected.

0 1 2 3

Probability	0.17	0.5	0.3	0.03				
In the formula for the expected value, $n = 4$.								
Expected value = $x_1p_1 + x_2p_2 + x_3p_3 + x_4p_4$								
= 0(0.17) + 1(0.5) + 2(0.3) + 3(0.03)								
= 0 + 0.5 + 0.6 + 0.09 = 1.19								
The expected n	umber of	rod mar	hlas is 1	19 —				

Because the expected value is a type of average. it may not correspond exactly to any of the actual outcomes

The probability distribution of temperatures, in degrees Celsius, from a chemistry experiment is shown below. Find the expected value of the temperature during the experiment.

Outcome	4	5	6	7	8	
Probability	<u>2</u> 13	<u>4</u> 13	3 13	<u>4</u> 13	<u>2</u> 13	
1. To use the formula for expected value, $n = $						Ę

2. Write the expected value formula to use

Expected value = $x_1p_1 + x_2p_2 + x_3p_3 + x_4p_4 + x_5p_5$

 ≈ 6.9

3. Find the expected value of the temperature during the experiment.

Copy © by Holt, Rinehart and Winston. All s reserved. 38

Outcome

a. Find the mean of the data.

b. Find the standard deviation.

c. Identify any outliers.

Copyright © by Holt, Rinehart and Winston. All rights reserved.

Find the variance and standard deviation.

5. {13, 7, 16, 22, 26, 11, 12, 19, 9}

Number of Children, n

a. Find the mean of the data

c. Identify any outliers.

Copyright © by Holt, Rinehart and Winston. All rights reserved.

b. Find the standard deviation.

Probability

35.1: 5.9

7. {15, 5, 12, 8, 19, 11, 7, 10, 9, 13, 17, 5}

18.6: 4.3

9. The probability distribution for the number of children per family in a particular suburb of Chicago is shown below.

Find the expected number of children per family in this region.

10. A chemist weighs samples obtained from a production run. The weights of the samples are 13 g, 14 g, 65 g, 11 g, 15 g, 14 g, 14 g, 12 g, 13 g, 15 g, 14 g, and 12 g.

2

d. Describe how any outlier affects the mean and the standard deviation. The mean increases from $\approx\!13.4$ to $\approx\!17.7,$ and the standard

deviation increases from \approx 1.2 to \approx 14.3.

0.27 0.28 0.35 0.10

Holt Algebra 2