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$\qquad$ Class $\qquad$

LESSON

## Practice B

## 5-9. Operations with Complex Numbers

Graph each complex number.

1. -6
2. $4 i$
3. $6+7 i$
4. $-8-5 i$
5. $-3 i$

Find each absolute value.
6. $|4+2 i|$
7. $|5-i|$

Imaginary axis

$\qquad$
Add or subtract. Write the result in the form a+bi.
9. $(-1+2 i)+(6-9 i)$
10. $(3-3 i)-(4+7 i)$
11. $(-5+2 i)+(-2+8 i)$

Multiply. Write the result in the form a $+\boldsymbol{b i}$.
12. $3 i(2-3 i)$
13. $(4+5 i)(2+i)$
14. $(-1+6 i)(3-2 i)$

## Simplify.

15. $\frac{2+4 i}{3 i}$
16. $\frac{3+2 i}{4+i}$
17. $2 i^{11}$

Solve.
18. In electronics, the total resistance to the flow of electricity in a circuit is called the impedance, $Z$. Impedance is represented by a complex number. The total impedance in a series circuit is the sum of individual impedances. The impedance in one part of a circuit is $Z_{1}=3+4 i$. In another part of a circuit, the impedance is $Z_{1}=5-2 i$. What is the total impedance of the circuit?

