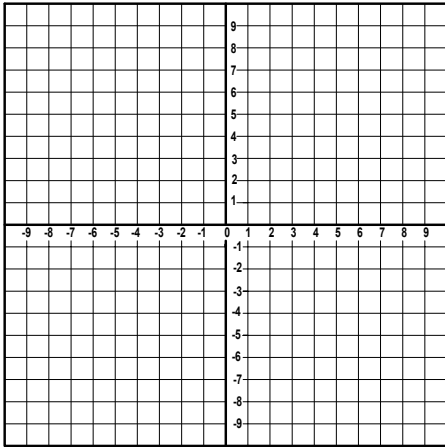


Quadratic Functions

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ pd \_\_\_\_\_

Parent function:



Work with graphing calculator to do the following tasks:

1. Graph parent function:  $y = x^2$
2. What happens when the function is negative?  $y = -x^2$  \_\_\_\_\_

Graph each of the following functions and describe what happens to the parent function.

1.  $y = (x + 2)^2$  \_\_\_\_\_
2.  $y = x^2 - 5$  \_\_\_\_\_
3.  $y = x^2 + 7$  \_\_\_\_\_
4.  $y = -(x - 6)^2$  \_\_\_\_\_
5.  $y = (x + 8)^2 - 3$  \_\_\_\_\_
6.  $y = (x - 4)^2 + 5$  \_\_\_\_\_
7.  $y = (2x + 1)^2$  \_\_\_\_\_
8.  $y = (0.5x + 1)^2$  \_\_\_\_\_

Overall conclusions:

positive number inside parentheses: \_\_\_\_\_

negative number inside parentheses: \_\_\_\_\_

positive number after parentheses or  $x^2$ : \_\_\_\_\_

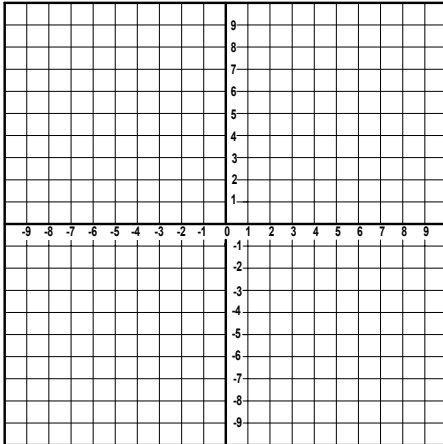
negative number after parentheses or  $x^2$ : \_\_\_\_\_

number before parentheses or  $x^2$ : \_\_\_\_\_

negative before parentheses or  $x^2$ : \_\_\_\_\_

## Square Root Functions

Parent function:



Work with graphing calculator to do the following tasks:

3. Graph parent function:  $y = \sqrt{x}$

4. What happens when the function is negative?  $y = -\sqrt{x}$  \_\_\_\_\_

Graph each of the following functions and describe what happens to the parent function.

9.  $y = \sqrt{x+2}$  \_\_\_\_\_

10.  $y = \sqrt{x-5}$  \_\_\_\_\_

11.  $y = \sqrt{x} + 7$  \_\_\_\_\_

12.  $y = -\sqrt{x-6}$  \_\_\_\_\_

13.  $y = \sqrt{x+8} - 3$  \_\_\_\_\_

14.  $y = \sqrt{x-4} + 5$  \_\_\_\_\_

15.  $y = \sqrt{2x+1}$  \_\_\_\_\_

16.  $y = \sqrt{0.5x+1}$  \_\_\_\_\_

Overall conclusions:

positive number inside square root symbol: \_\_\_\_\_

negative number inside square root symbol: \_\_\_\_\_

positive number after square root symbol: \_\_\_\_\_

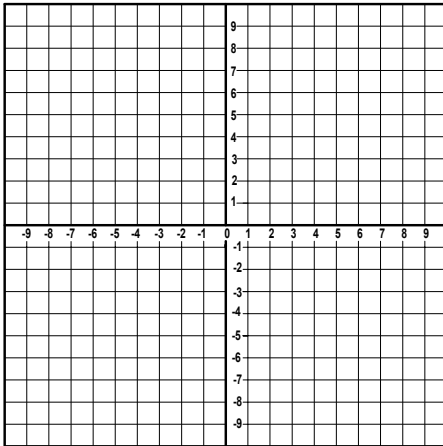
negative number after square root symbol: \_\_\_\_\_

number before square root symbol: \_\_\_\_\_

negative before square root symbol: \_\_\_\_\_

## Absolute Value Functions

Parent function:



Work with graphing calculator to do the following tasks:

5. Graph parent function:  $y = |x|$

6. What happens when the function is negative?  $y = -|x|$  \_\_\_\_\_

Graph each of the following functions and describe what happens to the parent function.

17.  $y = |x + 2|$  \_\_\_\_\_

18.  $y = |x| - 5$  \_\_\_\_\_

19.  $y = |x| - 7$  \_\_\_\_\_

20.  $y = -|x - 6|$  \_\_\_\_\_

21.  $y = |x + 8| - 3$  \_\_\_\_\_

22.  $y = |x - 4| + 5$  \_\_\_\_\_

23.  $y = |2x + 1|$  \_\_\_\_\_

24.  $y = |0.5x + 1|$  \_\_\_\_\_

Overall conclusions:

positive number inside absolute value symbols: \_\_\_\_\_

negative number inside absolute value symbols: \_\_\_\_\_

positive number after absolute value symbols: \_\_\_\_\_

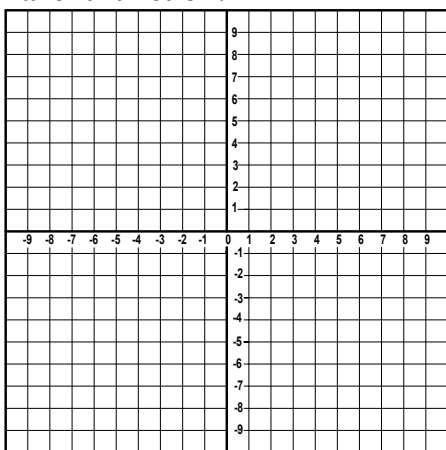
negative number after absolute value symbols: \_\_\_\_\_

number before absolute value symbol: \_\_\_\_\_

negative before absolute value symbol: \_\_\_\_\_

## Notes on Exponential Functions

Parent function:



Work with graphing calculator to do the following tasks:

7. Graph parent function:  $y = 2^x$

Graph each of the following functions and describe what happens to the parent function.

25.  $y = 2^x + 3$

\_\_\_\_\_

26.  $y = 2^x - 4$

\_\_\_\_\_

27.  $y = 2^{x+5}$

\_\_\_\_\_

28.  $y = 2^{x-9}$

\_\_\_\_\_

29.  $y = 2^{x+3} - 5$

\_\_\_\_\_

30.  $y = 2^{x-6} + 4$

\_\_\_\_\_

New parent function.

31.  $y = (0.5)^x$  What is different from  $y = 2^x$  ? \_\_\_\_\_

Predict what you think will happen in this graph below. \_\_\_\_\_

32.  $y = (0.5)^x + 3$

Was your prediction correct? \_\_\_\_\_ What happened to your graph?

\_\_\_\_\_

Overall conclusions:

positive number at the end: \_\_\_\_\_

negative number at the end: \_\_\_\_\_

positive number after the x in the exponent: \_\_\_\_\_

negative number after the x in the exponent: \_\_\_\_\_